

## CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

## INFORMATION REPORT

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SECURITY INFORMATION

COUNTRY	Rumania	REPORT NO.	<input type="text"/> 25X1A
SUBJECT	Military Hospitals	DATE DISTR.	27 March 1953
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THE SOURCE EVALUATIONS IN THIS REPORT ARE DEFINITIVE.  
THE APPRAISAL OF CONTENT IS TENTATIVE.  
(FOR KEY SEE REVERSE)

25X1X

SOURCE:

1. All military hospitals were accessible to members of any branch of the Armed Forces and there were no separate hospitals maintained for each branch of the Armed Forces. Armed Forces personnel could also go to civilian hospitals in Cluj whenever necessary to secure special care not available in a Military Hospital.

25X1X

2. The following is a legend for  sketch of the location of the Military Medical Center at Cluj shown as Enclosure A:

Point #1 shows the location of the Orthopedic Clinic of the Cluj Medical Faculty.

#2 was a home for the blind.

#3 was a home for the deaf and dumb.

#4 was the Military Hospital at Cluj, which had a capacity of 150 beds and was very crowded. The building was quite old and had sections for Surgery, Internal Medicine, Radiology, Skin and Venereal Diseases, and (possibly) Infectious Diseases. There was also a laboratory and a pharmacy. The building and adjacent area were surrounded by a brick or stone fence.

#5 across the street from the hospital was a depot for pharmaceuticals. This was a two-story building, 50 meters by 10 meters, and was a part of a military quarters.

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STATE #	x	ARMY #	x	NAVY #	x	AIR #	x	FBI		AEC		OSI/MED	Evx		
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(Note: Washington Distribution Indicated By "X", Field Distribution By "#")

25X1A

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- #6 which enclosed barracks for soldiers attached to the Cluj Military Region.
- #7 housed a prison and a civilian and military court. No military prisoners were confined here.
- #8 was the headquarters building of the Cluj Military Region.
- #9 was the location of the opera house; the Orthodox cathedral is across the square from it.

3. Because of the poor food supplied to the enlisted men, intestinal disorders constituted the principal health problem of the Rumanian soldier. Tuberculosis and syphilis were also frequently encountered. There were many simple colds and frequent cases of tonsillitis. It is my opinion that there were frequent incidences of mental illnesses among the troops.

4. The Military Hospital in Stalin (Brasov) was on the Market Place. The hospital buildings were heated by methane gas burners. The following is a legend for 25X1  
 25X1X  sketch of Stalin hospital shown as Enclosure B:

Point #1 is the Stalin (Brasov) Market Place.

- #2 was a political prison.
- #3 was the Infectious Diseases and Tuberculosis Section of the Military Hospital. It had one floor, was 30 meters by 8 meters, of red brick construction and had 30 beds.
- #4 was a building housing the administration office of the hospital, a laboratory, X-ray room, dental laboratory, ENT, and political office. This 30 meters by 10 meters brick building was two-storied and had 20 beds.
- #5 was a two-story brick building which housed the Surgery Section on the first floor and the Internal Medicine Section on the second floor. The building was 40 meters by 10 meters and had 150 beds.
- #6 was the washroom; it had showers and disinfection facilities.
- #7 was the kitchen.
- #8 was a girls' secondary school, formerly known as Princess Helen's School.
- #9 was a civil courthouse.
- #10 was a post office.
- #11 was the Financial Office of the region (regiune).
- #12 was a monument to Stalin.
- #13 was the Hotel-Restaurant "Coroana".
- #14 was the regional administrative office of the Rumanian National Railroads (Caiile Ferate Romane - CFR).
- #15 was a headquarters for a battalion of mountain troops.

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25X1

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5. The Medical Director of the Stalin (Brasov) Military Hospital was Col. Dr. (fnu) Berlic, 60 years old, non-Communist. Capt. (fnu) Dima was radiologist and laboratory chief. He was 36 years old. There were also two young surgeons, Capt. (fnu) Savopol, and Capt. (fnu) Suteu, both non-Communists.

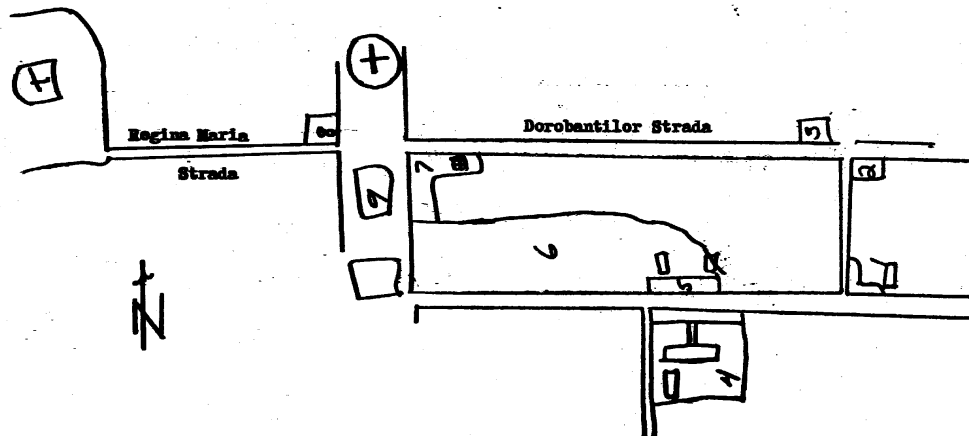
6. Other military hospitals were located in Bucharest, Sibiu, Oradea, Timisoara, Targu Mures, Constanta, Iasi, and possibly Craiova and Galati. [redacted] 25X1  
[redacted] the average bed capacity of each hospital was 200. [redacted] 25X1  
The military hospital in Bucharest had 1,000 beds. Military hospitals were so crowded that it was not unusual for two and even three individuals to occupy the same bed.

7. Military hospitals were not given military unit numbers but were named after the city in which they were located.

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Enclosure A



Military Medical Center in Cluj

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Enclosure 3

